

Planetary System Dynamics (M24)

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This course will cover the principles of celestial mechanics and their application to the Solar System and to extrasolar planetary systems. These principles have been developed over the centuries since the time of Newton, but this field continues to be invigorated by ongoing observational discoveries in the Solar System, such as the reservoir of comets in the Kuiper belt, and by the rapidly growing inventory of 1000s of extrasolar planets and debris discs that are providing new applications of these principles and the emergence of a new set of dynamical phenomena. The course will consider gravitational interactions between components of all sizes in planetary systems (i.e., planets, asteroids, comets and dust) as well as the effects of collisions and other perturbing forces. The resulting theory has numerous applications that will be elaborated in the course, including the growth of planets in the protoplanetary disc, the dynamical interaction between planets and how their orbits evolve, the sculpting of debris discs by interactions with planets and the destruction of those discs in collisions, and the evolution of circumplanetary ring and satellite systems.

Specific topics to be covered include:

1. Planetary system architecture: overview of Solar System and extrasolar systems, detectability, planet formation
2. Two-body problem: equation of motion, orbital elements, barycentric motion, Kepler's equation, perturbed orbits
3. Small body forces: stellar radiation, optical properties, radiation pressure, Poynting-Robertson drag, planetocentric orbits, stellar wind drag, Yarkovsky forces, gas drag, motion in protoplanetary disc, minimum mass solar nebula, settling, radial drift
4. Three-body problem: restricted equations of motion, Jacobi integral, Lagrange equilibrium points, stability, tadpole and horseshoe orbits
5. Close approaches: hyperbolic orbits, gravity assist, patched conics, escape velocity, gravitational focussing, dynamical friction, Tisserand parameter, cometary dynamics, Galactic tide
6. Collisions: accretion, coagulation equation, runaway and oligarchic growth, isolation mass, viscous stirring, collisional damping, fragmentation and collisional cascade, size distributions, collision rates, steady state, long term evolution, effect of radiation forces
7. Disturbing function: elliptic expansions, expansion using Legendre polynomials and Laplace coefficients, Lagrange's planetary equations, classification of arguments
8. Secular perturbations: Laplace coefficients, Laplace-Lagrange theory, test particles, secular resonances, Kozai cycles, hierarchical systems
9. Resonant perturbations: geometry of resonance, physics of resonance, pendulum model, libration width, resonant encounters and trapping, evolution in resonance, asymmetric libration, resonance overlap

Pre-requisites

This course is self-contained.

Literature

1. Murray C. D. and Dermott S. F., *Solar System Dynamics*. Cambridge University Press, 1999.
2. Armitage P. J., *Astrophysics of Planet Formation*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
3. de Pater I. and Lissauer J. J., *Planetary Sciences*. Cambridge University Press, 2010.
4. Valtonen M. and Karttunen H., *The Three-Body Problem*. Cambridge University Press, 2006.
5. Seager S., *Exoplanets*. University of Arizona Press, 2011.
6. Perryman M., *The Exoplanet Handbook*. Cambridge University Press, 2011.

Additional support

Four examples sheets will be provided and four associated examples classes will be given. There will be a revision class in the Easter Term.